

A scenic landscape photograph of a mountain range with snow-capped peaks, a dense forest of evergreen trees, and a calm lake reflecting the scene. The text "Physical Features of Canada" is overlaid in large, bold, white letters.

Physical Features of Canada

EQ: Where are the major physical features of Canada located?

- What do we need to be able to do?
 - Locate on a world and regional political-physical map: the St. Lawrence River, Hudson Bay, Atlantic Ocean, Pacific Ocean, the Great Lakes, Canadian Shield, and Rocky Mountains.

Where is Canada?



- Describe Canada's location on the world map.
- Describe Canada's location in relation to the United States.

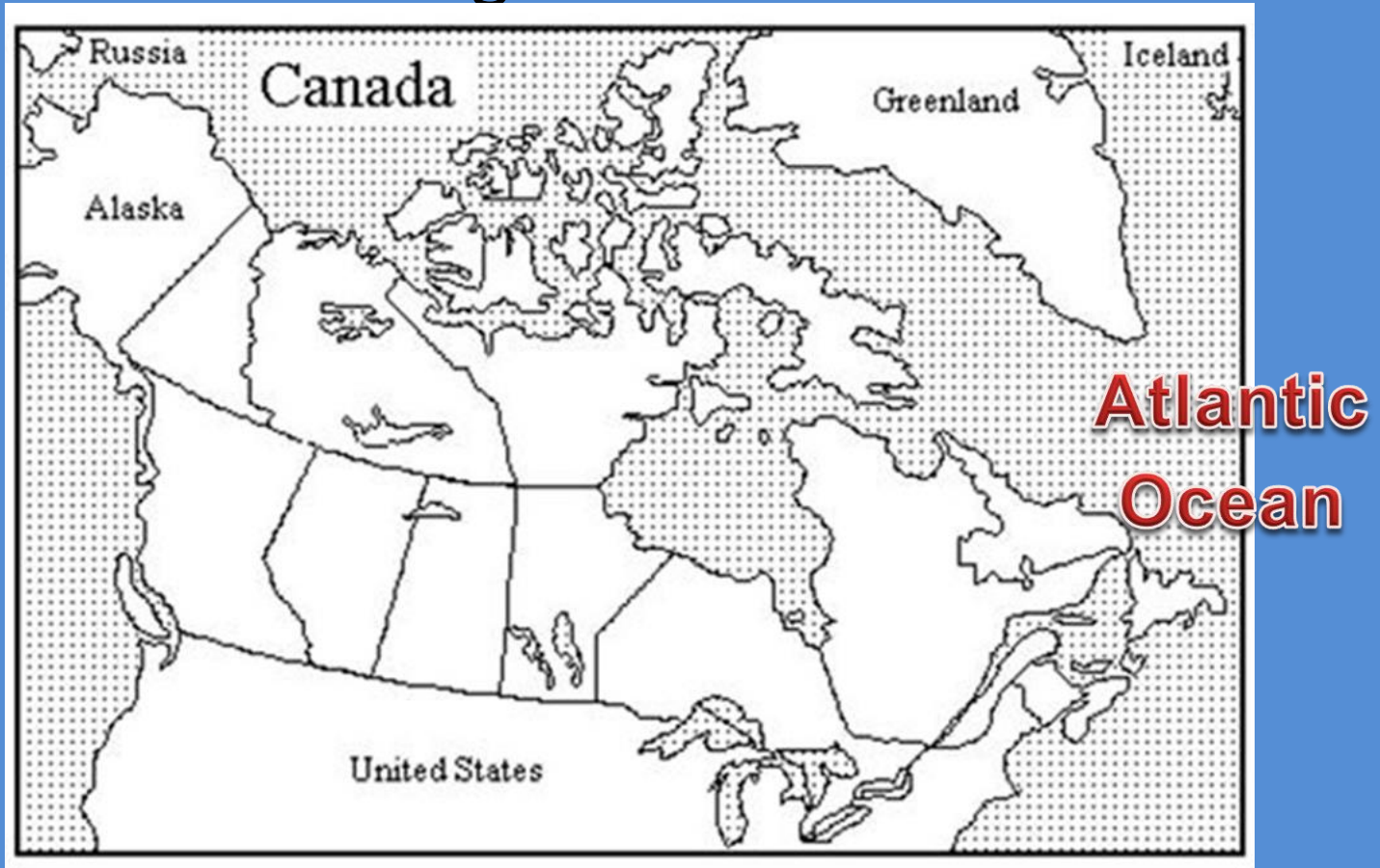


Where are the major physical features of Canada located?

- Today, we are going to locate ...
 - Atlantic Ocean
 - Pacific Ocean
 - St. Lawrence River
 - Hudson Bay
 - Great Lakes
 - Rocky Mountains
 - Canadian Shield

Atlantic Ocean

- The Atlantic Ocean is on Canada's east coast
- It is the second largest ocean.



Pacific Ocean

- The Pacific Ocean is on Canada's west coast.
- Largest and deepest ocean

**Pacific
Ocean**



St. Lawrence River

- Connects the Great Lakes to the Atlantic Ocean
- Important to Canada's history because it allowed explorers to travel into North America by water
- Important natural resource – water and trade route

St. Lawrence River



Hudson Bay

- A gulf in east-central Canada
- Connected to Atlantic and Arctic Oceans



Great Lakes

- form part of the border with the United States.
- Lake Superior, Lake Huron, Lake Erie, and Lake Ontario are split between the United States and Canada. Lake Michigan is only in the U.S.

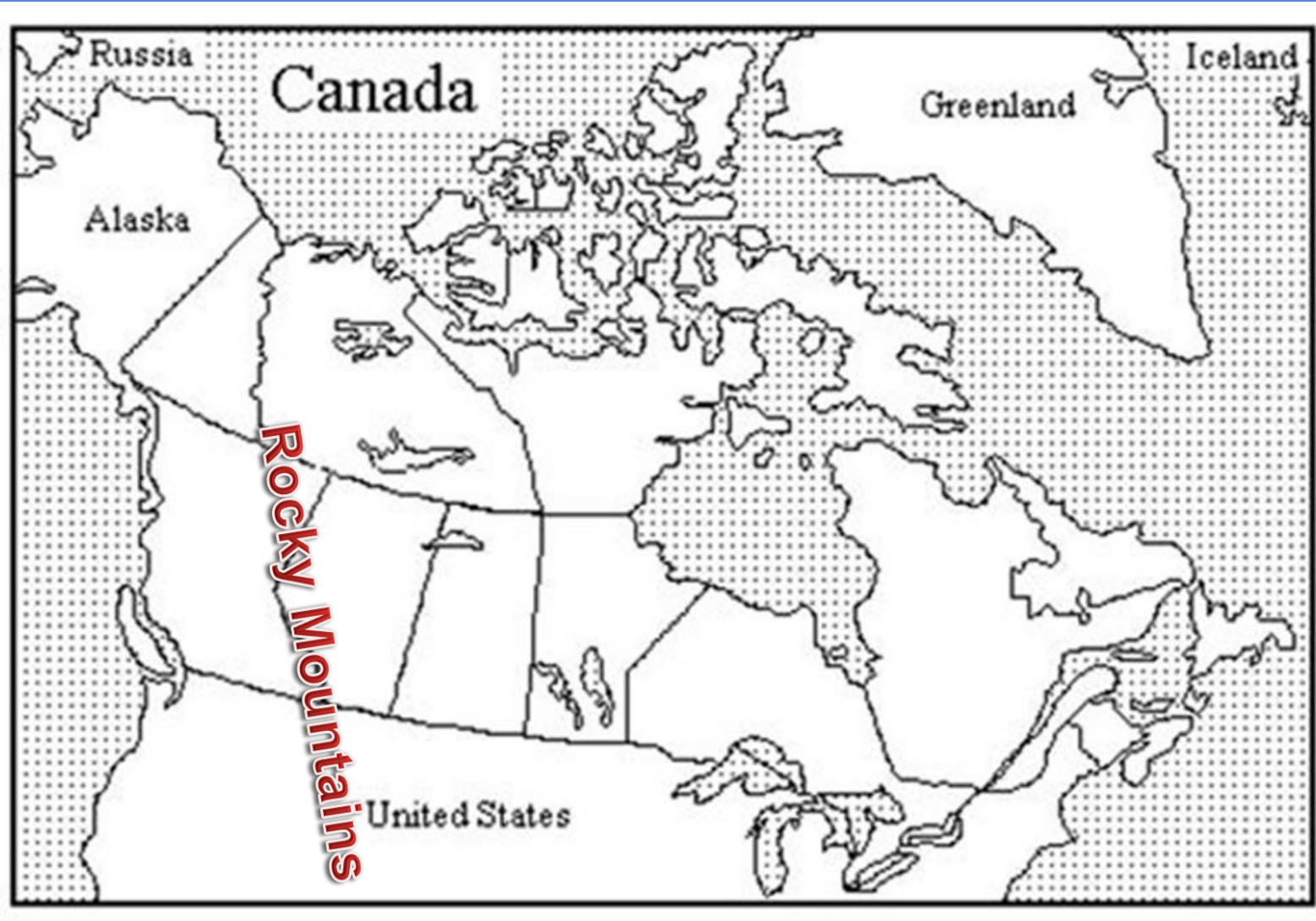
Great Lakes



Rocky Mountains

- Stretch over 3000 miles from British Columbia in Canada to New Mexico in the United States
- Mount Robson is the tallest peak in the Canadian Rockies at nearly 13,000 feet.

Rocky Mountains

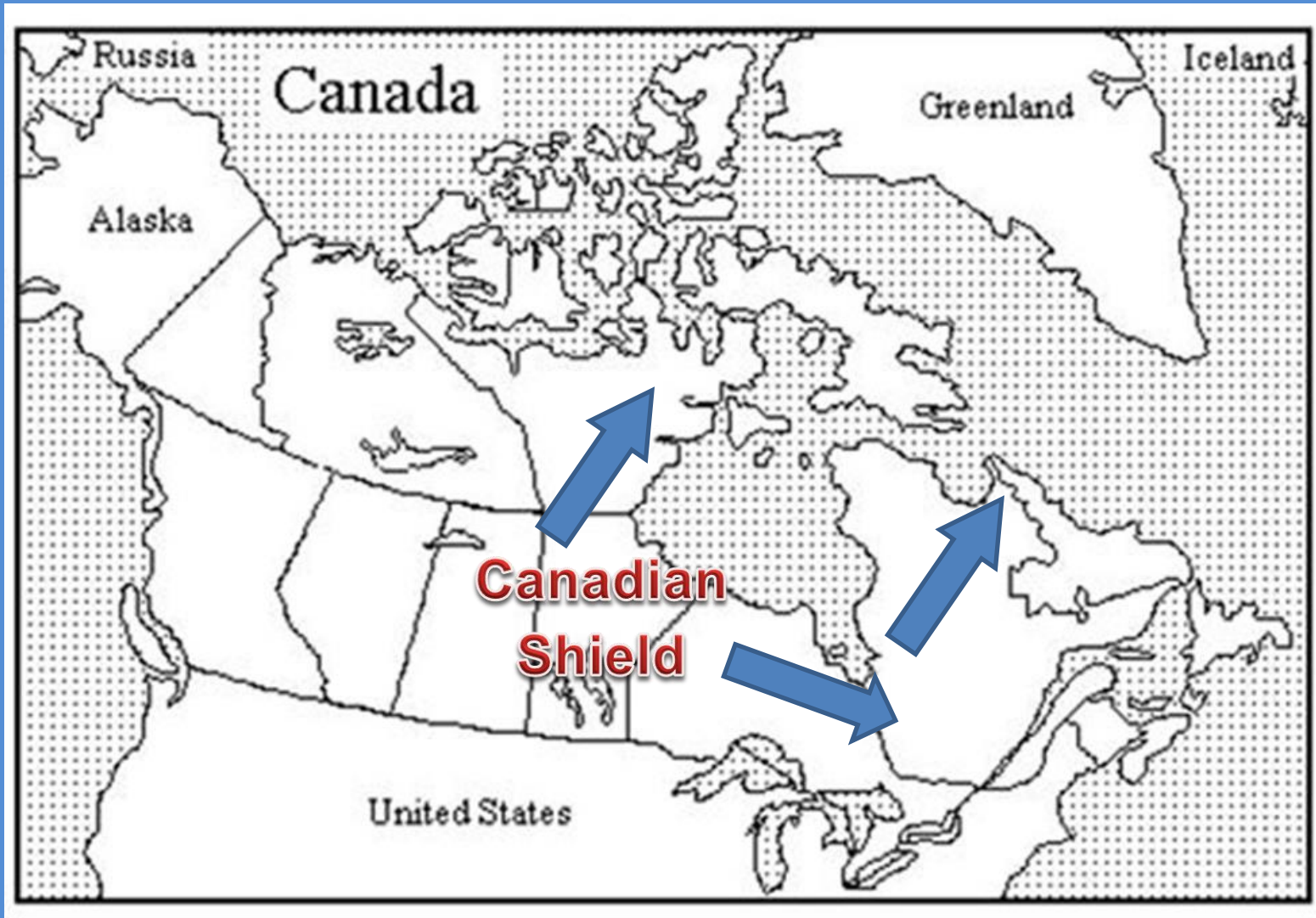


Canadian Shield

- covers a large part of eastern and central Canada
- It has ancient rock just below and sometimes sticking out of the soil.
- The area is known for its thin, rocky soil and rough, rolling landscape. This region has many lakes and rivers and is rich in minerals

Canadian Shield

* see the next slide, as well



Canadian Shield

