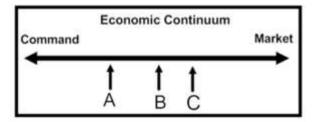
## SS6E1abc

## **Economic Systems Study**

- 1. In a traditional economy roles are \_\_\_\_\_ from parents and \_\_\_\_\_ is common.
- In a command economy roles and jobs are determines by the \_\_\_\_\_\_.
   In this economy \_\_\_\_\_\_ owns all industries and resources and dictates \_\_\_\_\_ and production quotas.
- 3. In a market economy \_\_\_\_\_ dictate what goods to sell. In this economy citizens dictate what goods and \_\_\_\_\_ to sell. Entrepreneurs are abundant in a market economy and \_\_\_\_\_ and demand fluctuates prices.



- 4. In the figure above Cuba would most likely be represented by the letter \_\_\_.
- 5. In the figure above Brazil would most likely be represented by the letter \_\_\_.
- 6. In the figure above Mexico would most likely be represented by the letter .
- 7. To be a \_\_\_\_\_ command economy government could not exist.
- 8. A \_\_\_\_\_\_ economy has the most entrepreneurs that are free to make their own business as they please without much government intervention.
- 9. \_\_\_\_\_ economies have weak private and intellectual property rights as well as an extensive subsidization policy that discourages trade, investment and entrepreneur growth. An example of this is \_\_\_\_\_ in Latin America.
- 10. \_\_\_\_\_ Economy is an economic system which the laws of supply and demand determine what is produced and at what cost.

## Word Bank Barter Entrepreneurship Wage Production quota Subsistence Mixed economy

Subsidization

Free enterprise Privatize Graft

Dissident

Rations

Market economy

Command economy

Traditional economy

Infrastructure

Subsidies

11.	is producing only what is necessary for personal use/survival.
12.	economy is an economic system governed by custom, habit, and history.
13.	is a term used to describe the market/command blending of all
	modern world economies.
14.	is to transfer a business, industry, or service for public (government) to
	private control.
	are money granted by the government to assist a business or industry in
	lowering the cost of its products/service.
	are a fixed amount of a product or service allowed during times of shortage.
	is the term for one's financial earning.
18.	is the creation, maintenance, and expansion of businesses outside
	the control or influence of the government.
19	is a system of exchange whereby one good/service is given in return for
	another.
20.	economy is an Economic system wherein government planners make all
	business and financial decisions.
21.	is a nation's buildings, roads, bridges, power grids, etc.
22.	is financial gain through illegal means, typically through kickbacks and
	bribes.
23.	is the required amount of a specific good that must be
	produced in a given timeframe.
24	is money granted by the government to assist a business or industry
	in lowering the cost of its product/service.
25	is the capacity of private citizens to create new businesses independent
	of government direction or intervention.
20.	is a person who opposes the authority of an established government.